EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

ES.1 INTRODUCTION

This document presents the Coeur d'Alene Basin Environmental Monitoring Plan (BEMP). Establishment of a Basin-wide environmental monitoring program is required under the 2002 Bunker Hill Mining and Metallurgical Complex Superfund Site Operable Unit 3 Record of Decision (see Section 12-6 of the ROD) for the Coeur d'Alene Basin (EPA 2002). The interim ROD describes the specific cleanup work that will be conducted in the Basin over the next 30 years.

The Basin is a large and diverse geographic area. Given the size and complexity of the Basin and the amount of historical mine waste present, it is clear that the cleanup will take many years. For environmental protection, an adaptive management approach has been adopted. The remedy selected in the ROD consists of approximately 30 years of prioritized actions designed to achieve tangible and measurable human health and environmental benefits. The actions described in the ROD are not expected to provide a full cleanup of the Basin. A key component of the adaptive management approach to cleanup of the Basin is the environmental monitoring program. Monitoring the river system and Basin will provide data to help evaluate cleanup efforts and to make adjustments and modifications where needed.

The ROD, and consequently the BEMP, is focused on the mining-related contamination in the river corridor and floodplain of the Basin. The Basin includes the South Fork of the Coeur d'Alene River and its tributaries (Upper Basin), the lower Coeur d'Alene River and associated lateral lakes area (Lower Basin), Coeur d'Alene Lake, and depositional areas of the Spokane River. A map of the Basin is presented in Figure ES-1.

ES.2 COLLABORATIVE DEVELOPMENT

Beginning in January 2002, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) started working with Basin stakeholders to collaboratively develop a long-term Basin environmental monitoring program. Organizations initially involved with EPA in development of the monitoring program include the Idaho Department of Environmental Quality (IDEQ), Washington Department of Ecology, Coeur d'Alene Tribe, Spokane Tribe, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), U.S. Geological Survey (USGS), and the Bureau of Land Management (BLM). Media-specific workgroups were also established to focus on the specific monitoring needs regarding surface water, soil/sediment, biota and Coeur d'Alene Lake. The larger group and the smaller working groups had numerous discussions, teleconferences and several meetings to discuss the formulation of the environmental monitoring program.

Since establishment of the Coeur d'Alene Basin Environmental Improvement Project Commission ("the Basin Commission") in August 2002, EPA, together with the above stakeholders, has also been working with parties in the Commission and its support teams to continue development of the monitoring plan. The Monitoring Project Focus Team (PFT) was established to focus on monitoring issues. Members were self-selected but included nearly all of the parties involved in the initial monitoring workgroup established in January 2002, as well as additional participants from the Technical Leadership Group. Members of the Citizens' Coordinating Council (CCC) were invited to attend meetings to stay informed and provide input. Several CCC members indicated particular interest in the monitoring issues and in turn received all subsequent informational emails and conference call/meeting announcements.

ES.3 BEMP GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

The BEMP implements the environmental monitoring program established as part of the ecological component of the Bunker Hill Operable Unit 3 (OU 3) Selected Remedy. While an adequate monitoring program is critical to the successful implementation and evaluation of the remedy, the BEMP is limited to monitoring of ecological conditions in the Basin.

The major goal of the BEMP is to monitor and evaluate the progress of the remedy in terms of improving ecosystem conditions. Consistent with that goal, the BEMP will provide data relative to the following Basin-wide monitoring objectives:

- Assess long-term status and trends of surface water, soil, sediment, and biological resource conditions in the Basin
- Evaluate the effectiveness of the Selected Remedy
- Evaluate progress toward cleanup benchmarks
- Provide data for CERCLA-required five-year reviews of the progress on remedy implementation
- Improve understanding of Basin processes and variability to in turn improve the effectiveness and efficiency of subsequent remedial action implementation

Groundwater monitoring is not included in the BEMP because groundwater cleanup is not specifically addressed in the interim ROD. The importance of the interrelationship between groundwater and surface water is recognized and groundwater is anticipated to be an important component of remedial-action-specific effectiveness monitoring.

ES.4 MONITORING PLAN DESIGN

The BEMP design is founded on several primary "principles" that are intended to enhance the practicality, robustness, and cost-effectiveness while maintaining adequate technical rigor and effectiveness. First, the BEMP is based on the remedy selected in the ROD. The ROD identifies benchmarks that include key indicators of ecological improvement representing the broad range of ecological conditions in the Basin. These key indicators were selected based on the results of the remedial investigation, feasibility study, ecological risk assessment, supporting technical memoranda and stakeholder input.

The following key indicators of ecosystem change are the focus of the monitoring program:

- Dissolved and total metals and nutrients in surface water
- Metals in soil and sediment in riverine and riparian environments in the Upper Basin (Ninemile Creek, Pine Creek, and South Fork); in riverine, riparian, lacustrine, and palustrine environments in the Lower Basin; and selected sediment areas of the Spokane River
- Fish, macroinvertebrates, and aquatic habit in riverine environments
- Songbirds, riparian vegetation, and invertebrates in riparian environments
- Waterfowl in wetland environments
- Waterfowl and fish in lake environments

Second, the monitoring program uses parameters and sampling frequencies that are intended to be sensitive and responsive to the potential rates of relevant environmental changes in the Basin over the period of the remedy implementation. Given the large area of the Basin and the pace of remedy implementation over the 30-year time frame, it is anticipated that relevant changes in environmental media may occur relatively slowly. Consequently, many parameters will be monitored at relatively long intervals (e.g., five or ten years). The monitoring program includes more frequent (e.g., several times per year, annually, or event-triggered) sampling at key locations (e.g., South Fork near confluence with North Fork, Coeur d'Alene River near Coeur d'Alene Lake, etc.). These "sentinel" locations will provide data on potential short-term trends or "trend discontinuities" in the longer-term trends. The sentinel data also will be used to aid interpretation of data from the more spatially comprehensive, but less frequent, sampling events. This approach is anticipated to reduce the expense associated with sample collection and analysis, while maintaining adequate monitoring effectiveness in terms of sensitivity and responsiveness.

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ES.5 BEMP MONITORING ACTIVITIES

The environmental monitoring identified in the BEMP includes sampling, testing, and evaluation of three primary media: surface water, soil/sediment, and biological resources. The specific monitoring activities, sample locations and schedules for the BEMP are summarized in the tables at the end of this section.

The monitoring effort represented by these tables includes many explicit tradeoffs that were made during development of the BEMP to achieve the goal of an annual monitoring cost of approximately \$300,000 (present worth), as represented in the OU 3 ROD. The BEMP thus assumes that EPA will have an available yearly budget over the 30-year life of the remedy of approximately \$300,000 present worth. EPA will establish Interagency Agreements with the USGS and USFWS to implement the monitoring program.

ES.6 RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER BASIN MONITORING

The BEMP will be integrated with remedial action effectiveness monitoring and monitoring conducted under other programs (e.g., Coeur d'Alene Lake Management Plan, State of Idaho Beneficial Use Reconnaissance Program monitoring, etc.). This approach is anticipated to reduce monitoring redundancy and enhance cost effectiveness. Remedial action effectiveness monitoring has been underway in the Bunker Hill Box (OUs 1 and 2) and will be initiated as OU 3 remedial actions are implemented. The monitoring conducted under the BEMP will be coordinated with the other monitoring efforts in the Basin to ensure as much commonality and compatibility as practical, given potentially different authorities, management goals, and jurisdictions.

ES.7 ADAPTIVE MANAGEMENT

The BEMP is anticipated to evolve over the 30-year remedy implementation timeframe. The monitoring program assumes an adaptive management approach will be used to guide that evolution while maintaining a sound scientific and technical basis. The adaptive management approach emphasizes "learning from experience" and is tied to the statutory five-year reviews.



Table ES-1 Surface Water Monitoring Program

Location	Station ID	USGS Station ID	IDEQ Station ID	Gaging Station Type	Sentinel Monitoring ^a (Annual)	ROD Benchmark Monitoring ^a (Every 5 years)	Fall Baseflow Monitoring ^b (Every Oct.)	Rationale
SFCDA above Canyon Creek (near Mullan at Deadman Gulch)	SF-208	12413040	None	Misc.		х	х	Supports ROD Benchmark Evaluation
Mouth of Canyon Creek	CC-287/ CC-288	12413125	CC-1	Standard		х	х	Supports ROD Benchmark Evaluation
Mouth of Ninemile Creek	NM-305	12413130	NM-1	Standard		х	х	Supports ROD Benchmark Evaluation
Upper E Fork Ninemile Creek (above Success Mine)	NM-295	124131265	ENM-3	Misc.		х	х	Supports ROD Benchmark Evaluation
Lower E Fork Ninemile Creek	NM-298	12413127	ENM-1	Misc.		х	х	Supports ROD Benchmark Evaluation
Elizabeth Park ^c	SF-268	12413210	SF-3	Standard	х		х	Sentinel Station, Load from SFCDR above Bunker Hill Box, Supports ROD Benchmark Evaluation
Smelterville ^c	SF-270	12413300	SF-2	Misc.	х		х	Sentinel Station, Load from SFCDR below CIA & Govt. Gulch
Pine Creek Below Amy Gulch	PC-339	12413445	None	Standard		х	х	Supports ROD Benchmark Evaluation
South Fork at Pinehurst [°]	SF-271	12413470	SF-1	Real-time	x		X	Sentinel Station, Load from SFCDR below Bunker Hill Box, supports ROD Benchmark Evaluation
Cataldo	LC-50	12413500	Cataldo	Real-time ^e		х	х	Upper Basin/Lower Basin River Character Transition
Harrison	L-C60	12413860	Harrison	Real-time (w/ suspended sediment)	х		х	Sentinel Station, Inflow to Lake
Spokane River at Outlet (See Note ^d)	See Note ^d	See Note ^d	None	Misc. ^e	х		х	Sentinel Station, Outflow from Lake
Spokane River near Stateline	SR-55	12419500	None	Misc.		х	х	Required for WA State
NF CDR at Enaville	NF-50	12413000	None	Real-time	х		х	Sentinel Station, Load from North Fork CDR
St. Joe River at Mouth (Chatcolet)	SJ-60	12415130	None	Real-time (w/ suspended sediment)	Х		х	Sentinel Station, Load from St. Joe River

Schedule for Sentinel (Annual) and Benchmark (Every 5 Years) Monitoring

Coeur d'Alene River, its Tributaries and St. Joe River

- 1. Fall Baseflow (early October)
- 2. Initial Flush after Baseflow (Fall)
- 3. Rain-on-snow (Winter or Early Spring)
- 4. Winter Baseflow (January March)
- 5. Peak Snowmelt Runoff (late May. Suspended sediment chemistry)
- 6. Hydrograph Recession 1 (mid-June)
- 7. Hydrograph Recession 2 (mid July)
- 8. Hydrograph Recession 3 (mid-August)

Spokane River

- 1. Mid-Fall Drawdown (mid-October)
- 2. Post-Fall Drawdown (late December)
- 3. Low Pool (mid-Winter)
- 4. Rain-on-snow (late Winter or early Spring)
- 5. Lake Filling (late April or early May)
- 6. Snowmelt Runoff Peak (late May)
- 7. Full Pool (mid July)

8. Full Pool, Maximum Productivity (late August)

Notes:

^a Sentinel and benchmark station samples collected 8 times per year will be analyzed for total metals, dissolved metals, hardness, and nutrients. Metals analysis will include COECs (Cd, Pb, Zn; ROD Sect. 5.2.2). Nutrient analysis will include total and dissolved nitrogen and total and dissolved phosphorus. Samples collected during high flows (i.e. during peak snowmelt runoff in late May) will also be analyzed for suspended sediment grain size distribution metals.

- ^b Benchmark stations sampled once a year will be analyzed for dissolved metals and hardness only. Metals analyses will include COECs (Cd, Pb, Zn; ROD Sect. 5.2.2).
- ^e BEMP monitoirng within the Box will be coordinated with ongoing surface water / groundwater monitoring performed for the Box. Coordination of these programs (to the extent practical) will aid in the interpretation of monitoring results from the BEMP and the Box monitroinf programs.
- ^d Discharge measurements to be taken at Post Falls gaging station (USGS Station No. 12419000); surface water sample to be collected at Lake Outlet. EPA Station ID for Lake Outlet is SR-5 and for Post Falls is SR-50.
- e Funded by Idaho Water Resources

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Table ES-2Sediment Monitoring Program

Area	Sampling Description ^a											
entinel Locations: Annual sampling to evaluate time-history trends (Fall)												
Upper Basin and Lower Basin : Surficial in-channel sediment from selected locations ^b Spokane River : Near Stateline and near eastern boundary of Spokane Reservation	Composite surface samples											
Upper Basin, Lower Basin, and Spokane River: Water-suspended sediment sampling during high-flow conditions ^c	Filter residue from filtration of surface water samples collected during high flow events.											
Basin-Wide Assessment (''Snapshot'') Locations: Sampling every 1 ratio analysis) (Fall)	l0 years to evaluate aggregated, area-wide temporal averages (i.e.											
Upper Basin : Ninemile Creek, South Fork, Pine Creek	Composite surface sampling of in-channel and riparian sediment and soil.											
Lower Basin : Floodplain and Harrison Delta ^d	Grid-based, composite surface sampling of riparian, lacustrine, and palustrine sediment deposits.											
Spokane River: Mid and lower Long Lake ^d	Sediment core sampling											

^a Samples will be analyzed for grain size distributions of COEC metals (arsenic, cadmium, copper, lead, mercury, silver, and zinc). Sampling methods and analytical protocols for grain size distributions, sample digestion, and analysis are presented on BEMP Tables 5-1 and 5-2. (i.e. grain size distributions, sample digestion, and analytical methods). Suspended sediment monitoring locations and frequencies are presented on BEMP Table 4-1 (Surface Water Monitoring Program).

^b In-channel (low water) locations include: 1) South Fork above Canyon Creek, 2) Mouth of Canyon Creek,

3) Upper East Fork Ninemile Creek, 4) Lower East Fork Ninemile Creek, 5) Mouth of Ninemile Creek, 6) Elizabeth Park, 7) Smelterville,
8) Pine Creek below Amy Gulch, 9) Pinehurst, 10) Enaville, 11) Cataldo, 12) Rose Lake, 13) Medimont, and 14) Harrison.

^c Water-suspended sediment sampling locations and frequencies are presented on BEMP Table 4-1 (Surface Water Monitoring Program).

^d Sampling at the Harrison delta and at Long Lake will be accomplished with a core sampler.

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Parameter	Representative Scale	Frequency	Location(s)						
Riverine Habitat									
	Representative habitats at		Ninemile Creek						
Fish diversity/ abundance	segment level (or weir counts	5-year	Pine Creek						
, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	of migratory fish)	•	South Fork (Wallace to Elizabeth Park)						
			Ninemile Creek						
Fish Tissue Metal Levels	TDD	F	Pine Creek						
(Upper Basin and	IBD	5-year	South Fork (Wallace to Elizabeth Park)						
Spokane River)			Spokane River near Stneareline						
Bull Trout Habitat/ Temp. and Other Aquatic Resources Assessment	TBD	Years 1 and 2, then every 5 years	Mainstem CdA River						
Bull Trout Population Survey and Assessment of Other Aquatic Resources	TBD	Year 2 only	Areas of cold refuge (bull trout) and representative habitats in Mainstem CdA River (other aquatic resources)						
			Elizabeth Park (above Box)						
		Twice per 5-years	SFCdA at Pinehurst (below Box)						
		The James	Lower Basin						
Macroinvertebrate	Quadrants in representative		Ninemile Creek						
diversity/abundance	habitats	~	Pine Creek						
		5- year	South Fork (Wallace to Elizabeth Park)						
			Spokane River near Stneareline						
			Ninemile Creek						
Macroinvertebrate tissue	Quadrants in representative	-	Pine Creek						
metal levels	habitats	5-year	South Fork (Wallace to Elizabeth Park)						
			Spokane River near Stneareline						
			Ninemile Creek						
Aquatic habitat quality	Parameter dependent scale,	5-vear	Pine Creek						
Aquatic natitat quality	representative habitats	J-year	South Fork (Wallace to Elizabeth Park)						
			Spokane River near Stneareline						
Lacustrine / Palustrine H	labitat								
Waterfowl population	Wetland/lake units	3 Consecutive years @ 5 vear intervals	Lower Basin						
Waterfowl mortality	Mortality rate per unit effort (High use habitats)	5-year	Lower Basin						
Waterfowl blood lead	Representative stations, Harrison Slough (sentinel area)	5-year	4 Stations (including Harrison Slough)						
Riparian Habitat									
			Ninemile Creek						
Riparian vegetation /	Transects in representative	5-vear	Pine Creek						
invertebrates	locations	5 year	South Fork (Wallace to Elizabeth Park)						
			Lower Basin						
Songbird diversity/abundance	Point survey technique	5 Consecutive years @ 10-year intervals	Monitoring Avian Productivity & Survivability survey routes (MAPS) in Pine Creek and Lower Basin						
			Ninemile Creek						
Songbird blood lead	Representative stations	5-year	South Fork (Wallace to Elizabeth Park)						
			Pine Creek						
			Lower Basin (2 stations)						

Table ES-3 Biological Resources Monitoring Program

Table ES-4 Monitoring Program Summary

															Bio	logical Reso	irces	1					
						l l						ine				Lacus	trine/Palus	trine	Riparian				
Location	Station Tyn	USGS Gagin	g	Surface Wat	er		Sedi	ment				Fish	1	M	acroinverteb	ates	Habitat	'	Waterfowl		Habitat	Songbi	rds
	Station Typ	Station Type	Sentinel Monitoring	Benchmark Monitoring	Low Flow	Surfical in- channel Sampling	In-channel, lacustrine, palustrine& riparain	Water-s Sediment (part of S	suspended at high flows W sampling)	Diversity/ Abundance	Tissue Metals e Levels	Bull Irout Habitat Assessment ^c and Other Aquatic Resources	Bull Trout Pop. Survey [°]	Diversity/ Abundance	Diversity/ Abundance	Tissue Metals Levels	Aquatic Habitat Quality Assessment	Population Survey	Mortality Survey	Blood Lead	Riparian Veg. + Inverts	Diversity/ Abundance	Blood Lead
	Monito	oring Frequenc	y Annual	5 Years	Annual	Annual	10 Years	Annual	5 Years	5 Years	5 Years	Years 1 & 2, then every 5 years	Year 2 only	2 per 5 years	5 Years	5 Years	5 Years	3 consec. yrs every 5 yrs.	· 5 Years	5 Years	5 Years	5 consec. yrs. every 10 yrs.	5 Years
SFCDA above Canyon Creek	Benchmark	Misc.		Х	Х	Х			Х														
Mouth of Canyon Creek	Benchmark	Std.		Х	Х	х			х		_												
Ninemile Drainage							х			X	Х				х	X	х				X		X
Mouth of Ninemile Creek	Benchmark	Std.		X	х	х			Х														
Upper E. Fork Ninemile Cree	k Benchmark	Misc.		x	Х	х			Х														
Creek	Benchmark	Misc.		X	Х	Х			Х														
(Wallace-Elizabeth Park)	Sentinel/						x			X	Х				x	Х	X				х		X
(above Box)	Benchmark	Std.	Х		Х	X		X			_			X									
Smelterville	Sentinel	Misc.	X		X	Х		X															<u> </u>
Pine Creek Drainage							х			X	Х				х	X	X				X	Х	X
Pine Creek below Amy Gulch	Benchmark Sentinel/	Real-time		X	Х	Х			Х														
(below Box)	Benchmark	Real-time	X		Х	X		X			_			X									
NFCDA at Enaville	Sentinel	Real-time	X		Х	X		X			_												
Lower Basin						_	X					Х	Х	X				X	X	X	X	Х	X
Cataldo		Real-time ^a		X	X	X			X														
Rose Lake		NA	-			Х																	_
Medimont	Sentinel/	NA				X																	-
Harrison	Benchmark	Real-time/SS	X		X	X	X ^b	X															-
Spokane River at Outlet	Sentinel	Misc.	X		X			X															
Spokane River at Post Falls		Std. ^a																					
Spokane River near Stateline		Misc.		X	X	X			X		X				X	X	X						
Mid and lower Long Lake		NA					X ^b																
Near Eastern Boundary of Spokane Reservation		NA				Х																	
near Chatcolet	Sentinel	Real-time/SS	x		Х			х															

^a Funded by Idaho Water Resources

^b Surface sediment sampling of Harrison delta and mid and lower Long Lake using a core sampler

^c Bull trout habitat assessemnet to be performed years 1 and 2, then every 5 years. Surveying (electroshocking) locations will be identified based on habitat assessment (i.e. areas of cold refuge).

Notes:

Surface water samples to be analyzed for total and dissolved metals (Cd, Pb, Zn), suspended sediment, and nutrients.

Gaging station types: Standard - recording equipment that needs the data to be physically downloaded

Real-time - satellite transmission of recording data

Real-time/SS - satellite transmission of recording data plus suspended sediment data

Miscellaneous - no actual gaging station but can measure instantaneous flow and estimate hourly flow

TableES-5 Monitoring Schedule

		Year	2004	2005*	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015*	2016	2017	2018
Media/Organism	Activity	Location	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6	Y7	Y8	Y9	Y10	Y11	Y12	Y13	Y14	Y15
SURFACE WATER																	
Sentinel stations + annua	l low flow sampling	7 stations / 15 stations	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Benchmark stations		8 stations					Х					Х					Х
SEDIMENT																	
Surfical sediment sampli	ng + suspended sediment	16 areas	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Broader sediment sampli	ng + coring	7 areas						Х									
BIOLOGICAL RESOUR	CES																
Waterfowl	Population survey	Lower Basin		Х	Х	Х			Х	Х	Х			Х	Х	Х	
Waterfowl	Mortality Survey	Lower Basin				Х					Х					Х	
Waterfowl	Blood Lead	4 stations					Х					Х					Х
Songbird	Blood Lead	5 stations							Х				Х				Х
Songbird	Population survey	2 MAPs	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х						Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Riparian spp.	Riparian habitat	5 stations			Х					Х					Х		
Aquatic Invertebrate	Diversity/adundance	3 locations	Х	Х				Х	Х				Х	Х			
Aquatic Invertebrate	Diversity/adundance	4 additional locations		Х					Х					Х			
Aquatic Invertebrate	Tissue residues	4 locations		Х					Х					Х			
Fish and invertebrate	Habitat assessment	3 locations		Х			Х					Х					Х
Fish	Diversity/abundance	3 locations			Х					Х					Х		
Fish	Tissue residues	4 locations			Х					Х					Х		
Bull trout	Habitat/temperature assessment	S.F.CdA and Mainstem	Х	Х					Х					Х			
Bull trout	Population survey Areas of a			Х													
REPORTING																	
Annual data report/assessment			X	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	X	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Tech memo to support Five-Year Review report preparation									Х					Х			

Notes:

* Indicates the year that five-year reviews will need to be completed.

Table ES-5 (Continued)Monitoring Schedule

		Ye	ar 2019	2020*	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025*	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030*	2031	2032	2033
Media/Organism	Activity	Location	Y16	Y17	Y18	Y19	Y20	Y21	Y22	Y23	Y24	Y25	Y26	Y27	Y28	Y29	Y30
SURFACE WATER																	
Sentinel stations + annua	l low flow sampling	7 stations / 15 stations	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Benchmark stations		8 stations					Х					Х					Х
SEDIMENT																	
Surfical sediment sampling	ng + suspended sediment	16 areas	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Broader sediment sampli	ng + coring	7 areas	Х										Х				
BIOLOGICAL RESOUR	CES																
Waterfowl	Population survey	Lower Basin		Х	Х	Х			Х	Х	Х			Х	Х	Х	
Waterfowl	Mortality Survey	Lower Basin				Х					Х					Х	
Waterfowl	Blood Lead	4 stations					Х					Х					Х
Songbird	Blood Lead	5 stations						Х					Х				
Songbird	Population survey	2 MAPs						Х	Х	Х	Х	Х					
Riparian spp.	Riparian habitat	5 stations			Х					Х					Х		
Aquatic Invertebrate	Diversity/adundance	3 locations	Х	Х				Х	Х				Х	Х			
Aquatic Invertebrate	Diversity/adundance	4 additional locations		Х					Х					Х			
Aquatic Invertebrate	Tissue residues	4 locations		Х					Х					Х			
Fish and invertebrate	Habitat assessment	3 locations					Х					Х					Х
Fish	Diversity/abundance	4 locations			Х					Х					Х		
Fish	Tissue residues	4 locations			Х					Х					Х		
Bull trout	Habitat/temperature assessment	S.F.CdA and Mainstem		Х					Х					Х			
Bull trout	Population survey Areas of cold refuge																
REPORTING																	
Annual data report/assess	sment		Х	Х	X	X	X	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	X	X	Х	Х
Tech memo to support Fi	ve-Year Review report preparation			X					Х					X			

Notes:

* Indicates the year that five-year reviews will need to be completed.